

Amy Morley Chief School Administrator *Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator*

Grade 5 Unit 2 — Dates: 10/17/2024 - 12/17/2024

Rationale for Unit 2 Expectations

The focus of unit 2 is to understand place value to the thousandths place and apply that knowledge to various decimal concepts. This concept builds on students' grade 4 understanding of decimals to the hundredths place. After examining the quantitative relationships that exist between the digits in place value positions of a multi-digit number (analyzing and explaining patterns in the number of zeros and the placement of the decimal point in the context of multiplying by powers of 10), learners read, write, and compare decimals to the thousandths place. Learners use base-ten numerals, number names, and explanded form to represent multi-digit numbers with decimals.

Later on in the unit, learners apply their previous understandings of adding and subtracting to add and subtract decimals to the hundredths place using models and reasoning about decimals. Using knowledge gained through decimal operations, learners build upon many fraction concepts developed in earlier grades. They use fraction equivalence from grades 3 and 4 to add and subtract fractions with unlike denominators. Learners solve word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions, using benchmark fractions and number sense of fractions to estimate mentally and to assess the reasonableness of their answers.

Unit 2 Description & Expectations

Days of Instruction: 39 days (iReady sessions, Unit Review, Unit Assessment, Math In Action, Prerequisites) Unit Completion Date: 12/17 Unit Topics/Themes: Decimal and Fraction Operations (Addition and Subtraction)

Topic: Lesson 6 - Understand Decimal Place Value**Topic:** Lesson 7 - Understand Powers of 10



Alloway Township School

Home of the Tigers

Amy Morley Chief School Administrator *Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator*

Topic:Lesson 8 - Read and Write DecimalsTopic:Lesson 9 - Compare and Round DecimalsTopic:Mid-Unit Review and AssessmentTopic:Lesson 10 - Add DecimalsTopic:Lesson 11 - Subtract DecimalsTopic:Lesson 12 - Add FractionsTopic:Lesson 13 - Subtract FractionsTopic:Lesson 14 - Add and Subtract in Word ProblemsTopic:Math In Action

Topic: Unit Review and Unit Assessment

Whole Group Instruction	Differentiation: Teacher Table	Differentiation: Independent Practice/Small Group Center
Guidelines		
30-45 minutes of daily instruction using Core Resources30-45 minutes of daily differentiation		aily differentiation
Number Sense Making Routines: (5-10 minutes daily) Number sense is built through experiences. Vary your sense making routines based on the needs of your classroom. They may be a whole group activity, but they also may be done as a small group depending upon the need. Example areas of focus: Verbal Counting, Object Counting, Cardinality,	Number of groups to meet with each day: two When planning for differentiation, it is important to	Activities should be aligned to specific skills & standards addressed during whole group instruction and practice of fluency standards.



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

 Numbers, Part-Part-Whole, Magnitude, etc. Numbers, Part-Part-Whole, Magnitude, etc. Core Resource for Whole Group Instruction: Ready Classroom Math (30-45 minutes daily) Ready Classroom Math design & expectations: Understand Lessons - Focus on developing conceptual understanding and help students connect new concepts to familiar ones as they learn new skills and strategies. Strategy Lessons - Focus on helping students persevere in solving problems, discuss solution strategies, and compare multiple representations through the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect</i> routine. Strategy Lessons are taught over multiple days (usually 3-5 days) and consist of different sessions. <i>Explore Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with many points of entry and more than one possible solution. In Math in 	Subitizing, Spatial Relationships, One/Two More & Less, Benchmark	first think about what each
 Core Resource for Whole Group Instruction: Ready Classroom Math (30-45 minutes daily) Ready Classroom Math design & expectations: Understand Lessons - Focus on developing conceptual understanding and help students connect new concepts to familiar ones as they learn new skills and strategies. Strategy Lessons - Focus on helping students persevere in solving problems, discuss solution strategies, and compare multiple representations through the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect</i> routine. Strategy Lessons are taught over multiple days (usually 3-5 days) and consist of different sessions. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 		
 Core Resource for Whole Group Instruction: Ready Classroom Math (30-45 minutes daily) Ready Classroom Math design & expectations: Understand Lessons - Focus on developing conceptual understanding and help students connect new concepts to familiar ones as they learn new skills and strategies. Strategy Lessons - Focus on helping students persevere in solving problems, discuss solution strategies, and compare multiple representations through the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect</i> routine. Strategy Lessons are taught over multiple days (usually 3-5 days) and consist of different sessions. <i>Explore Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 		-
 minutes daily) Ready Classroom Math design & expectations: Understand Lessons - Focus on developing conceptual understanding and help students connect new concepts to familiar ones as they learn new skills and strategies. Strategy Lessons - Focus on helping students persevere in solving problems, discuss solution strategies, and compare multiple representations through the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect</i> routine. Strategy Lessons are taught over multiple days (usually 3-5 days) and consist of different sessions. <i>Explore Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 	Core Resource for Whole Group Instruction: Ready Classroom Math (30-45	
 Ready Classroom Math design & expectations: Understand Lessons - Focus on developing conceptual understanding and help students connect new concepts to familiar ones as they learn new skills and strategies. Strategy Lessons - Focus on helping students persevere in solving problems, discuss solution strategies, and compare multiple representations through the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect</i> routine. Strategy Lessons are taught over multiple days (usually 3-5 days) and consist of different sessions. <i>Explore Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 		
 Ready Classroom Math design & expectations: Understand Lessons - Focus on developing conceptual understanding and help students connect new concepts to familiar ones as they learn new skills and strategies. Strategy Lessons - Focus on helping students persevere in solving problems, discuss solution strategies, and compare multiple representations through the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect</i> routine. Strategy Lessons are taught over multiple days (usually 3-5 days) and consist of different sessions. <i>Explore Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 		
 Understand Lessons - Focus on developing conceptual understanding and help students connect new concepts to familiar ones as they learn new skills and strategies. Strategy Lessons - Focus on helping students persevere in solving problems, discuss solution strategies, and compare multiple representations through the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect</i> routine. Strategy Lessons are taught over multiple days (usually 3-5 days) and consist of different sessions. <i>Explore Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 	Ready Classroom Math design & expectations:	
 help students connect new concepts to familiar ones as they learn new skills and strategies. Strategy Lessons - Focus on helping students persevere in solving problems, discuss solution strategies, and compare multiple representations through the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect</i> routine. Strategy Lessons are taught over multiple days (usually 3-5 days) and consist of different sessions. <i>Explore Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 		
 skills and strategies. Strategy Lessons - Focus on helping students persevere in solving problems, discuss solution strategies, and compare multiple representations through the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect</i> routine. Strategy Lessons are taught over multiple days (usually 3-5 days) and consist of different sessions. <i>Explore Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 		
 Strategy Lessons - Focus on helping students persevere in solving problems, discuss solution strategies, and compare multiple representations through the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect</i> routine. Strategy Lessons are taught over multiple days (usually 3-5 days) and consist of different sessions. <i>Explore Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 		
 problems, discuss solution strategies, and compare multiple representations through the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect</i> routine. Strategy Lessons are taught over multiple days (usually 3-5 days) and consist of different sessions. <i>Explore Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 	-	
 representations through the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect</i> routine. Strategy Lessons are taught over multiple days (usually 3-5 days) and consist of different sessions. <i>Explore Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 		
 Lessons are taught over multiple days (usually 3-5 days) and consist of different sessions. <i>Explore Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 		-
 different sessions. <i>Explore Session</i>(s) follow the <i>Try-Discuss-Connect Routine</i> and draw on students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with concepts), identify your Essential Understandings, Objectives, Standards, skills being taught, and Learner Outcomes, then, anticipate the most <u>common unique needs</u> and common misconceptions. Doing this will help you to plan effectively, and form groups 		
 students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts. <i>Develop Session</i>(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 	different sessions.	concepts), identify your
 Develop Session(s) develop strategies and understanding through problem solving and discourse. Refine Session(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 	 Explore Session(s) follow the Try-Discuss-Connect Routine and draw on 	Essential Understandings,
 problem solving and discourse. <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 	students' prior knowledge and make connections to new concepts.	Objectives, Standards, skills
 <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with 	 Develop Session(s) develop strategies and understanding through 	being taught, and Learner
 partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates instruction. Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with and common misconceptions. Doing this will help you to plan effectively, and form groups 	problem solving and discourse.	Outcomes, then, anticipate the
instruction. Doing this will help you to plan • Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with effectively, and form groups	 <i>Refine Session</i>(s) are when students work independently with a 	most <u>common unique needs</u>
• Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with effectively, and form groups	partner, while the teacher monitors performance and differentiates	and common misconceptions.
	instruction.	Doing this will help you to plan
many points of entry and more than one possible solution. In Math in based on daily exit tickets and	• Math in Action Lessons (Grades 2-6) - Feature open-ended problems with	effectively, and form groups
	many points of entry and more than one possible solution. In Math in	based on daily exit tickets and



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator *Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator*

Action Lessons students apply strategies and build procedural fluency.

Try - Discuss - Connect Routine is primarily used in Explore and Develop Sessions in Ready Math. Each Step in this routine will have expected Language Routines, Teacher Moves and Conversation Tips. *Language Routines* are predictable, repeatable formats that help students process word problems and communicate their growing understanding. *Teacher Moves* are powerful facilitation techniques to guide conversations in which students talk with each other rather than responding to the teacher. *Conversation Tips* are specific hints that show students what it means to engage in academic discourse. The six tips show students what it means to participate in academic discourse: listening attentively, explaining ideas, justifying, building on the ideas of others, disagreeing respectfully and making connections.

- Try It The teacher displays the *Start* question to draw on prior knowledge to the day's session. The teacher guides students in making sense of the problem, and to slow down to recognize and understand important information in the problem before beginning to solve. Teacher displays the problem and uses:
 - Language Routines Three Reads, Co-Crafted Questions, Notice/Wonder and Say It Another Way
 - Teacher Moves Turn & Talk and Individual Think Time (Typically 10 seconds to 2 minutes)
 - Students apply what they have learned while making sense of the

Ready Unit Prerequisite Report. Support students using scaffolding and/or additional practice for grade level concepts and skills. Tier II or Tier III Remedial **Groups**: When planning your grade level instruction for students that are in Tier II or Tier III considerations of each individual students' Math Intervention Plan need to be taken. Interventions and number sense relationships should be leveraged to support students with grade level content (bridging foundational concepts to support students' work at grade level content). Resources should be aligned to core content instructional resources (ie, Tools for Instruction, Fluency Skills & Practice pages, Prerequisite



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

 problem to represent the situation using a Part-Part-Whole model and begin solving. Discuss It - Students work in pairs to share their thinking - even incomplete thinking. Students should analyze their representations and strategies while using sentence frames when appropriate. The teacher strategically selects and sequences students' representations and strategies based upon the learning goal of the lesson. While circulating the teacher should use: <i>Language Routines</i> - Compare & Contrast and Collect & Display <i>Teacher Moves</i> - Turn & Talk, Individual Think Time and Four Rs (<i>Repeat, Reword, Rephrase, Record</i>) Selected students present and explain their solution methods and listen to critiques of others. The teacher facilitates the discussion and the class looks at highlighted strategies in the <i>Picture It</i> and <i>Model It</i> sections. Connect It - The teacher and students connect representations and strategies using a combination of individual work time and partner and whole-class discourse. Carefully selected questions lead students to recognize important mathematical ideas that were initially presented in the Try It problem. The teacher should use: <i>Language Routines</i> - Collect & Display and Compare & Connect <i>Teacher Moves</i> - Turn & Talk, Individual Think Time and Four Rs 	Lessons, Reteach Activities, Vocabulary pages, etc.), while a direct explicit connection between intervention strategies and grade level content is built.	
Closing: (2-5 minutes daily) The closure should be directly related to the goal of the lesson. Formal		



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator	Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator	
closure to lessons may consist of synthesizing information learned during the lesson that relates to the objective. For example, students could share with the class something new that they learned that day (the question should be detailed and related to the goal/objective), complete an exit ticket (related to the goal/objective), reflect on what challenged them (related to the goal/objective), etc.		
Whole Group Instruction	Differentiation: Teacher Table	Differentiation: Independent Practice/Small Group Center
Unit Resources		
 Suggested Pacing Guide Ready Unit Flow and Progression Video Ready Math Background: Models, Progressions, and Teaching Tips Ready Interactive Tutorials Ready Unit Self Reflection Ready Unit Review Ready Discourse Cards/Cube Ready Digital Math Tools Silent Hand Signals Georgia Frameworks (K-5) Howard County, MD: Gr 5 	 Scheduling Small Groups and Rotations CFAs RCM Fluency Practice Pages RCM Prerequisite Lessons RCM Tools for Instruction Lessons RCM Discourse Bookmarks <u>K-5 Math Teaching Resources</u> (no direct links to free documents!) Virtual Manipulatives: 	 Scheduling Small Groups and Rotations RCM Unit Game RCM Literacy Connections Activities RCM Discourse Bookmarks <u>K-5 Math Teaching Resources</u> (no direct links to free documents!) Howard County, MD: o <u>Gr 5</u>



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

 Achieve the Core <u>Coherence Map</u> <u>Illustrative Mathematics</u> Mindset Mathematics (<u>Gr 3-6</u>) by Jo Boaler <u>You Cubed</u> San Francisco Unified School District (SFUSD) <u>Gr 5</u> Three Act Tasks: <u>Ms. Castillo's Math</u> (K-5) <u>Graham Fletcher</u> (K-6) <u>Robert Kaplinsky</u> (K-6) <u>Jon Orr</u> (Gr 3-6) <u>Kyle Pearce</u> (Gr 3-6) Sense Making Routines: Subitizing Slides (Steve Wyborney) 	 <u>K6-TheMathLearningCent</u> <u>er</u> - ten frames, counters, time, number line, math rack, geoboards <u>Brainingcamp</u> <u>SplatSquare-InteractiveHu</u> <u>ndredsChart</u> <u>Dreambox Teacher Tools</u> 	
○ <u>Jon Orr</u> (Gr 3-6)		
○ <u>Kyle Pearce</u> (Gr 3-6)		
 Sense Making Routines: 		
 <u>Subitizing Slides</u> (Steve Wyborney) 		
 <u>Estimation 180</u> (Andrew Stadel) 		
 <u>Esti-Mysteries</u> (Steve Wyborney) 		
 <u>Even More Esti-Mysteries</u> (Steve Wyborney) 		
 <u>Estimation Clipboard</u> (Steve Wyborney) 		
 Which One Doesn't Belong (Christopher Danielson) 		
 <u>Math Visuals</u> (Berkley Everett) 		
 <u>Would You Rather?</u> (John Stevens) 		



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

 <u>Numberless Word Problems</u> (Brian Bushart) <u>Number Talk Images</u> (Tracey Zager & Pierre Tranche) Daily Routines to Jumpstart Math Class (Curriculum Shared Drive) <u>Clothesline Math</u> (Dan Kaufmann) <u>Math Spy</u> (Dan Kaufmann) <u>Same or Different</u> (Brian Bushart) <u>Same But Different</u> (Sue Looney) <u>Splat</u> (Steve Wyborney) <u>Open Middle</u> (Robert Kaplinsky) 		
Whole Group Instruction	Differentiation: Teacher Table	Differentiation: Independent Practice/Small Group Center
Whole Group Instruction Assessments	Differentiation: Teacher Table	



Amy Morley	
Chief School Administrator	

	 RCM Tools for Instruction Lessons Exit Tickets Achieve the Core <u>Coherence</u> <u>Map</u> <u>Illustrative Mathematics</u>
Standards	
 5.NBT.A.1 Recognize that in a multi-digit number, a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right and 1/10 of what it represents in the place to its left. 5.NBT.A.2 Explain patterns in the number of zeros of the product when multiplying a number by powers of 10, and explain patterns in the placement of the decimal point when a decimal is multiplied or divided by a power of 10. Use whole-number exponents to denote powers of 10. 5.NBT.A.3 Read, write, and compare decimals to thousandths. a. Read and write decimals to thousandths using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form, e.g., 347.392 = 3 × 100 + 4 × 10 + 7 × 1 + 3 × (1/10) + 9 × (1/100) + 2 × (1/100). b. Compare two decimals to thousandths based on meanings of the digits in each place, using >, =, and < symbols to record the results of comparisons. 5.NBT.A.4 Use place value understanding to round decimals to hundredths, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of 	In addition to Whole Group Standards, you may choose to focus on grade level fluency standards or other priority standards listed below: **Unit 2 Center Focuses: 4.NBT.A.3 Use place value understanding to round multi-digit whole numbers to any place. 4.NBT.B.4 With accuracy and efficiency add and subtract multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm. 4.NF.A.1 Explain why a fraction <i>a/b</i> is equivalent to a fraction (<i>n</i> × <i>a</i>)/(<i>n</i> × <i>b</i>) by using visual fraction models, with attention to how the number and size of the parts differ even though the two fractions themselves are the same size. Use this principle to recognize and generate equivalent fractions.



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the
strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used. *BENCHMARKED Unit
3
5.NF.A.1 Add and subtract fractions with unlike denominators (including mixed
numbers) by replacing given fractions with equivalent fractions in such a way as to
produce an equivalent sum or difference of fractions with like denominators. For
<i>example,</i> 2/3 + 5/4 = 8/12 + 15/12 = 23/12. (In general, a/b + c/d = (ad + bc)/bd.) * Visual fraction models include tape diagrams, number lines, and area models (See
Glossary). Set models, including those defined as the whole, are excluded at this grade.
5.NF.A.2 Solve word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions
referring to the same whole, including cases of unlike denominators, e.g., by using
visual fraction models or equations to represent the problem. Use benchmark
fractions and number sense of fractions to estimate mentally and assess the
reasonableness of answers. For example, recognize an incorrect result 2/5 + 1/2 =
3/7, by observing that 3/7 < 1/2.
* Visual fraction models include tape diagrams, number lines, and area models (See Glossary). Set models, including those defined as the whole, are excluded at this grade.



Amy Morley	
Chief School Administrator	

Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator

Unit 2 Math Pacing Guide

		Topic: Lesson 6 - Understand Decimal Place Value	<u>Return to Top</u>
Student Learning Standard(s):	5.NBT.A.1	NBT.A.1 Recognize that in a multi-digit number, a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right and 1/10 of what it represents in the place to its left.	
Math Practices: (add 7 & 8 as needed)	 MP.1 Make sense of the problem and persevere in solving them. MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. MP.5 Use appropriate tools strategically. MP.7 Look for and make use of structure. MP.8 Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning. 		
Days : 3 10/17 - 10/21			
	Critical Knowledge & Skills		
Objective:	 Objective: We are learning to: Recognize that place value in a decimal number is based on the same base-ten concepts as whole numbers. Identify the value of a digit in a number as 10 times the value it would have in the place to its right and 1/10 of the value would have in the place to its left. 		
Essential Question(s):	How does the posit	ion of a digit in a large number affect its value?	

Core Resources



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

Core Whole Group Resources		Core Formative Assessment	
Ready Classroom Math LessonsLesson 6Session 1: Model It WB pgsSession 2: Model It and Connect It WB pgsSession 3: Apply It ques 1-3Materials: place value chart, base-ten blocks		 RCM Lesson Quizzes RCM Comprehension Checks CFAs 	
	Additional Leve	eled Resources	
Activities and Additional Resources for Whole Group	Differentiated Independent Activities/Center Ideas		Teacher Table Differentiated Resources
-Anchor Chart Links -Number Sense Lessons/Resources -Interactive Tools <u>RCM</u> -Session 1: Additional Practice WB pgs -Session 2: Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency and Skills WS -Session 3: Apply It ques 4-5	 -iReady Individual Path -iReady Teacher Assigned Lessons -RCM Interactive Practice: Understand Decimal Place Value -RCM Center Activities -RCM Enrichment Activities - <u>Howard County Tasks</u> (Preferred Resources Tab) <u>What's Your Value</u> <u>Guess the Value</u> - <u>Howard County Printable Center Activities</u> (Student Centers Tab) <u>Place Value Memory</u> 		 -RCM Prerequisite Lessons -RCM Tools for Instruction -RCM WB pgs listed under Additional Whole Group Resources -Georgia Framework: Unit 1 - Patterns Are Us Unit 2 - High Roller -Illustrative Math Tasks Exit Tickets Howard County (Assessment Tab)



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

Base Ten Bl <u>Center</u>	np ocks (decimals) ocks Math Learning decimal PV chart	 Football Decimals Place Value Made Easy Place Value of Decimals Unable to provide Direct Ling -K-5 Math Teaching Resources Place Value Concentration 	<u>ks to the Below Activities</u>	 10x Larger and 10x Smaller: Generate Whole Numbers 10x Larger: Evaluate and Explain Number Relationships in Whole Numbers 10x and 1/10th the Value: Evaluate and Generate Whole Numbers Shifting Right and Left: Demonstrate and Describe Patterns in Whole Numbers Comparing Digit Values in Whole Numbers Using Place Value Patterns Comparing Digit Values in Decimals Using Place Value Patterns Use Place Value Patterns to Solve Problems with Decimals
Vocab	ulary for Students -	Unit 2 Digital Word Wall	N	lentor Text List
Base ten Place value	Decimal 10 times the value Thousandths 1/10 the value		Place Value by Danielle Carroll Place Value by Newbridge	

Topic: Lesson 7 - Understand Powers of 10	<u>Return to Top</u>



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator			Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator	
Student Learning Standard(s):	5.NBT.A.2	Explain patterns in the number of zeros of the product when multiplying a number by powers of 10, and explain patterns in the placement of the decimal point when a decimal is multiplied or divided by a power of 10. Use whole-number exponents to denote powers of 10.		
Math Practices:	 MP.1 Make sense of the problem and persevere in solving them. MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. MP.5 Use appropriate tools strategically. MP.7 Look for and make use of structure. MP.7 Look for and make use of structure. MP.8 Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning. 			
Days : 3 10/22 - 10/24		Focus: (Major Content)	Benchmarked Standard: N Fluency Standard: N	
		Critical Knowledge & Skills		
Objective:	 We are learning to: Explain the relationship between the values of numbers when multiplying or dividing by powers of 10. Explore the placement of the decimal point when multiplying or dividing a decimal by a power of 10. Use exponents to denote powers of 10. 			
Essential Question(s):	Are there patterns to big numbers?			

Core Resources	
Core Whole Group Resources	Core Formative Assessment

Amy Morley

Kimbarly Flaatwood



Amy Morley	
Chief School Administrator	

Ready Classroom Math Lessons Lesson 7	 RCM Lesson Quizzes RCM Comprehension Checks
(*Skip questions that teach to move the decimal as the strategy)	- CFAs
Session 1: Model It WB pgs	
Session 2: Model It and Connect It WB pgs	
Session 3: Apply It ques 1-3	
Materials: place value chart, base-ten blocks	

Additional Leveled Resources			
Activities and Additional Resources for Whole Group	Differentiated Independent Activities/Center Ideas	Teacher Table Differentiated Resources	
-Anchor Chart Links	-iReady Individual Path	-RCM Prerequisite Lessons	
-Number Sense Lessons/Resources	-iReady Teacher Assigned Lessons	-RCM Tools for Instruction	
-Interactive Tools	-RCM Interactive Practice: Understand Powers of 10	-RCM WB pgs listed under Additional Whole	
	-RCM Center Activities	Group Resources	
<u>RCM</u>	-RCM Enrichment Activities	- <u>Georgia Framework</u>	
(Skip questions that teach to move the	- Howard County Tasks (Preferred Resources Tab)	- <u>Illustrative Math Tasks</u>	
decimal as the strategy)	 Exponents and Powers of Ten: 	 Marta's Multiplication Error 	
-Session 1: Additional Practice WB pgs	 Powers of Ten 	 Multiplying Decimals by 10 	
-Session 2: Additional Practice WB pgs,	 Populations 	- Exit Tickets	
Fluency and Skills WS	 Exploring Exponents 	Howard County Assessment Tasks	
-Session 3: Apply It ques 4-5	 Multiplying and Dividing with Powers of Ten: 	Tab	
	 Just Add a Zero 		
	 Cadence's Problem 		



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

		 Howard County Printable Center A Dividing by Powers of 10 Powers of 10 Patterns Ten Times Powers of 10 Matching Card Place Value Chart Decimal <u>Unable to provide Direct Lin</u> <u>K-5 Math Teaching Resources</u> Multiplying a Whole Number Multiplying a Decimal by a box 	ds <u>ks to the Below Activities</u> er by a Power of 10	
Vocabul	ary for Students -	Unit 2 Digital Word Wall	M	lentor Text List
Base (of a power) Exponent	Decimal Power of 10	10 times the value 1/10 the value	-	

Topic: Lesson 8 - Read and Write Decimals	<u>Return to Top</u>



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator			Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator
Student Learning Standard(s):	5.NBT.A.3aRead, write, and compare decimals to thousandths. a. Read and write decimals to thousandths using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form, e.g., 347.392 = 3 × 100 + 4 × 10 + 7 × 1 + 3 × (1/10) + 9 × (1/100) + 2 × (1/1000).		
Math Practices:	 MP.1 Make sense of the problem and persevere in solving them. MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. MP.5 Use appropriate tools strategically. MP.7 Look for and make use of structure. MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. MP.4 Model with Mathematics. MP.6 Attend to precision. 		2.4 Model with Mathematics.
Days : 4 10/25 - 10/30			Benchmarked Standard: N Fluency Standard: N
		Critical Knowledge & Skills	
Objective:	 We are learning to: Read decimals to the thousandths place using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form. Write decimals to the thousandths place using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form. 		
Essential Question(s):	How does the position of a digit in a small number affect its value?		

Core Res	sources
Core Whole Group Resources	Core Formative Assessment



Amy Morley	
Chief School Administrator	

Ready Classroom Math Lessons Lesson 8	 RCM Lesson Quizzes RCM Comprehension Checks
Session 1 - Try It and Connect It WB pgs	- CFAs
Session 2 - Try It, Model It, and Connect It WB pgs	
Session 3 - Try It, Model It, and Connect It WB pgs	
Session 4 - Apply It Ques 1-3	
Materials: base ten blocks, place value chart, number line	

Additional Leveled Resources				
Activities and Additional Resources for Whole Group Differentiated Independent Activities/Center Ideas		Teacher Table Differentiated Resources		
-Anchor Chart Links	-iReady Individual Path	-RCM Prerequisite Lessons		
-Number Sense Lessons/Resources	-iReady Teacher Assigned Lessons	-RCM Tools for Instruction		
-Interactive Tools	-RCM Interactive Practice: n/a	-RCM WB pgs listed under Additional Whole		
	-RCM Center Activities	Group Resources		
<u>RCM</u>	-RCM Enrichment Activities	- <u>Georgia Framework</u>		
-Session 1 - Additional Practice WB pgs		 Decimal Designs 		
-Session 2 - Apply It WB and Additional	 Howard County Tasks (Preferred Resources Tab) 	 Making "Cents" of Decimals 		
Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice	 Read and Write Decimals: 	 In the Paper 		
WS	 Decimal Place Value Dice Pick Up 	 Decimal Garden 		
-Session 3 - Apply It WB and Additional	 Base Ten Pick Up 	- Illustrative Math Tasks		
Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice		- Exit Tickets		
WS	- Howard County Printable Center Activities (Independent Work Tab)	 Howard County Assessment Tasks 		
-Session 4 - Apply It Questions 4-6	Guess My Decimal	Tab		



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

	atives	 Identifying Decimals Place Value Decimals of the Caribbean Decimal Puzzles Decimals on a Number Line <u>Unable to provide Direct Lin</u> <u>K-5 Math Teaching Resources</u> Hunt for Decimals Representing Decimals Comparing Decimals 	<u>ks to the Below Activities</u>	
Vocabula	ary for Students - <u>Ur</u>	nit 2 Digital Word Wall	M	entor Text List
Decimal Expanded Form Hundredth Mixed Number Tenth Thousandth		-		

Topic: Lesson 9 - Compare and Round Decimals	Return to Top



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator			Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator	
Student Learning Standard(s):	5.NBT.A.3b	Read, write, and compare decimals to thousandths. b. Compare two decimals to thousandths based on meanings of the digits in each place, using >, =, and < symbols to record the results of comparisons.		
	5.NBT.A.4	Use place value understanding to round decimals to any place	ace.	
Math Practices:	MP.3 Construct v	 AP.1 Make sense of the problem and persevere in solving them. MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively. MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. MP.4 Model with Mathematics. MP.6 Attend to precision. 		
Days : 4 11/1 - 11/6		Focus: (Major Content)Benchmarked Standard: Fluency Standard: N		
		Critical Knowledge & Skills		
Objective:	 We are learning to: Use >, <, and = to compare decimals to the thousandths place. Use place-value understanding to round decimals to the nearest hundredth, tenth, and whole number. 			
Essential Question(s):	How does the position of a digit in a small number affect its value? When is estimation more appropriate than finding the 'right' answer? What are strategies to make a reasonable estimate?			

Core Resources			
Core Whole Group Resources	Core Formative Assessment		

Amv Morlev

Kimberly Fleetwood



Amy Morley	
Chief School Administrator	

Ready Classroom Math Lessons Lesson 9	 RCM Lesson Quizzes RCM Comprehension Checks
Session 1 - Try It and Connect It WB pgs	- CFAs
Session 2 - Try It, Model It, and Connect It WB pgs	
Session 3 - Try It, Picture It, and Model It WB pgs	
Session 4 - Apply It Ques 1-3	
Materials: base ten blocks, place value chart, number line	

Additional Leveled Resources			
Activities and Additional Resources for Whole Group	Differentiated Independent Activities/Center Ideas	Teacher Table Differentiated Resources	
-Anchor Chart Links	-iReady Individual Path	-RCM Prerequisite Lessons	
-Number Sense Lessons/Resources	-iReady Teacher Assigned Lessons	-RCM Tools for Instruction	
-Interactive Tools	-RCM Interactive Practice: Compare and Round Decimals	-RCM WB pgs listed under Additional Whole	
	-RCM Center Activities	Group Resources	
<u>RCM</u>	-RCM Enrichment Activities	- <u>Georgia Framework</u>	
-Session 1 - Additional Practice WB pgs		 High Roller Revisited 	
-Session 2 - Apply It WB and Additional	 Howard County Tasks (Preferred Resources Tab) NBT.3b 	 Decimal Line Up 	
Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice	Compare Decimals:	 Reasonable Rounding 	
WS	 Largest Number 	 Batter Up! 	
-Session 3 - Connect, Apply It WB and	 The Great Pumpkin Race 	- <u>Georgia Framework</u> :	
Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency &	 Howard County Tasks (Preferred Resources Tab) NBT.4 	 Reasonable Rounding 	
Skills Practice WS	 Round and Estimate Decimals: 	- <u>Illustrative Math Tasks</u> NBT.3b	
-Session 4 - Apply It Questions 4-6	 Show Me the Money 	- <u>Illustrative Math Tasks</u> NBT.4	



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

	 Rocky's Rock Quarry 	
-3 Act Task: Final Lap	 Decimal Rounding 	- Exit Tickets
-3 Act Task: <u>Chasing Gold</u>	 Fruit Weights 	 <u>Howard County Assessment Tasks</u>
	 Mario's Races 	Tab NBT.3b
Virtual Math Manipulatives	- <u>Howard County Printable Center Activities</u> (Independent Work Tab)	 <u>Howard County Assessment Tasks</u>
BrainingCamp	NBT.3b	Tab NBT.4
 <u>Base ten blocks (decimals)</u> 	Comparing Decimals	
 <u>Multi-row decimal PV chart</u> 	Place Value	
<u>Number line</u>	Decimal Puzzles	
	Ordering Decimals	
	 Decimals on a Number Line 	
	- <u>Howard County Printable Center Activities</u> (Independent Work Tab)	
	NBT.4	
	 Closest to 4.99: Rounding to the Nearest 	
	HundredthRounding Decimals	
	Half Court Rounding Decimals Game	
	 Rounding Decimals to Various Values 	
	• Decimal of the Day	
	 Rounding to Nearest Whole Number 	
	Rounding to the Nearest Tenth	
	Rounding to the Nearest Hundredth	
	Unable to provide Direct Links to the Below Activities	
	-K-5 Math Teaching Resources	
	Comparing Decimals	
	 Rounding Decimals on a Number Line 	



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

Roll and Round (nearest tenth)				
Vocabulary for Students - Unit 2 Digital Word Wall		Me	entor Text List	
Mid point Less than <	Greater than > Place value	Inequality Comparative Statement		

Topic: Mid-Unit Review and Assessment			
Days: 2	Review Date: 11/11 Mid-Unit Assessment Date: 11/12		
Scoring Submission in LinkIt:	Data Review Date:		

Amy Morley
Chief School Administrator

	Topic: Lesson 10 - Add Decimals and Lesson 11 - Subtracting Decimals Return to Top				
Student Learning Standard(s):					
Math Practices: (add 7 & 8 as needed)	 MP.1 Make sense of the problem and persevere in solving them. MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. MP.5 Use appropriate tools strategically. MP.7 Look for and make use of structure. MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. MP.4 Model with Mathematics. MP.6 Attend to precision. 				
Days : 7 11/13 - 11/21 Reasoning Task 11/22		Focus: (Major Content)	Benchmarked Standard: Y Fluency Standard: N		
	Critical Knowledge & Skills				



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator		Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator
Objective:	 We are learning to: Add or subtract decimals to hundredths using a variety of strategies. Explain the reasoning used to add or subtract decimals. 	
Essential Question(s):	How does my knowledge of basic operations help me solve problems? What makes a strategy both effective and efficient?	

Core Resources				
Core Whole Group Resources	Core Formative Assessment			
Ready Classroom Math Lessons	- RCM Lesson Quizzes			
Lesson 10	- RCM Comprehension Checks			
Session 1: Try It and Connect It WB pgs	- CFAs			
Session 2: Try It, Picture It, and Model It WB pgs				
Session 3: Apply It ques 1-3				
Lesson 11 Prerequisite:				
Grade 4 Lesson 5 Subtract Whole Numbers - Session 3				
Lesson 11				
Session 1 - Try It and Connect It WB pgs				
Session 2 - Try It, Picture It, and Model It WB pgs				
Session 3 - Try It, Picture It, and Model It WB pgs				
Session 4 - Apply It Ques 1-3				



• Creative Costs

٠

Candy Bar Square

Amy Morley Chief School Administrator		Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator
Materials: Hundredths grid,		
	Additional Leveled Resources	
Activities and Additional Resources for Whole Group	Differentiated Independent Activities/Center Ideas	Teacher Table Differentiated Resources
-Anchor Chart Links -Number Sense Lessons/Resources -Interactive Tools	-iReady Individual Path -iReady Teacher Assigned Lessons -RCM Interactive Practice: Add Decimals	-RCM Prerequisite Lessons -RCM Tools for Instruction -RCM WB pgs listed under Additional Whole
RCM Lesson 10 -Session 1: Additional Practice WB pgs	RCM Interactive Practice: Subtract Decimals -RCM Center Activities -RCM Enrichment Activities	Group Resources - <u>Georgia Framework</u> : Hit the Target Ten is the Winner
-Session 2: Connect It, Apply It WB, Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency and Skills WS -Session 3: Apply It ques 4-6 Lesson 11	 Howard County Tasks (Preferred Resources Tab) Decimal Animals Decimal Estimation What's Missing? Now What's Missing? 	 It All Adds Up Rolling Around with Decimals The Right Cut <u>Illustrative Math Tasks</u> The Value of Education
-Session 1 - Additional Practice WB pgs -Session 2 - Connect It, Apply It WB and Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice WS	 Choose Your Path Add and Subtract Choose More Paths Add and Subtract How Much Does It Weigh Un-sound System 	 Exit Tickets <u>Howard County Assessment Tasks</u> Tab NBT.3b

-Session 3 - Connect It, Apply It WB and

Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency &

Skills Practice WS



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

-Session 4 - Apply It Questions 4-6	- Howard County Printable Center A	ctivities (Independent Work Tab)	
 -3 Act Task: <u>Competitive Eating Contest</u> <u>Brainingcamp</u> <u>Base ten blocks (decimals)</u> <u>Multi-row decimal PV chart</u> <u>Number line</u> <u>Model using hundreds grid</u> (select 3 colors) 	 Printable student centers <u>Unable to provide Direct Lin</u> -<u>K-5 Math Teaching Resources</u> Decimal Animals Magic Squares 		
Vocabulary for Students - U	nit 2 Digital Word Wall	м	entor Text List
Decimal Difference Place value Sum	Estimate Variable		



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

	Topic: Lesson 12 - Add Fractions and Lesson 13 - Subtract Fractions Return to Top			
Student Learning Standard(s):		Add and subtract fractions with unlike denominators (including mixed n fractions with equivalent fractions in such a way as to produce an equiv fractions with like denominators. For example, $2/3 + 5/4 = 8/12 + 15/12$	alent sum or difference of	



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator			Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator	
		 = (ad + bc)/bd.) *Visual fraction models include tape diagrams, number line models, including those defined as the whole, are excluded 		
Math Practices: (add 7 & 8 as needed)	 MP.1 Make sense of the problem and persevere in solving them. MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. MP.5 Use appropriate tools strategically. MP.7 Look for and make use of structure. MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. MP.4 Model with Mathematics. MP.6 Attend to precision. 			
Days : 9 Prerequisite- 11 11/25 - 12/6				
		Critical Knowledge & Skills		
Objective:	 We are learning to: Given two fractions with unlike denominators, write equivalent fractions with a common denominator. Use visual models to represent adding or subtracting fractions with unlike denominators. Use equivalent fractions to add or subtract fractions and mixed numbers with unlike denominators. Visual fraction models include tape diagrams, number lines, and area models (See Glossary). Set models, including those defined as the whole, are excluded at this grade. 			
Essential Question(s):	How does my knowledge of basic operations help me solve problems? What makes a strategy both effective and efficient?			



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

Core Resources					
Core Whole Group Resources		Core For	mative Assessment		
Ready Classroom Math Lessons Lesson 12 Prerequisite - 2 days		 RCM Lesson Quizzes RCM Comprehension Checks CFAs 			
Lesson 12 Session 1 - Try It and Connect It WB pgs Session 2 - Try It, Picture It, and Model It WB pgs Session 3 - Try It, Picture It, and Model It WB pgs Session 4 - Apply It Ques 1-3					
Lesson 13 Session 1 - Try It and Connect It WB pgs Session 2 - Try It, Picture It, and Model It WB pgs Session 3 - Try It, Picture It, and Model It WB pgs Session 4 - Apply It Ques 1-3 Materials: fraction (strips, tiles, circles), number lines					
Ado	Additional Leveled Resources				
Activities and Additional Resources for Whole Group	Differentiated Independent Activities/Center Ideas		Teacher Table Differentiated Resources		



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator		Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator
 -Anchor Chart Links -Number Sense Lessons/Resources -Interactive Tools RCM Lesson 12 -Session 1 - Additional Practice WB pgs -Session 2 - Connect It WB pgs, Apply It WB pgs, and Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice WS -Session 3 - Connect It WB pgs, Apply It WB pgs and Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice WS -Session 3 - Connect It WB pgs, Apply It WB pgs and Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice WS -Session 4 - Apply It Questions 4-6 Lesson 13 -Session 1 - Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice WS -Session 2 - Connect It WB pgs, Apply It WB pgs, and Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice WS -Session 3 - Connect It WB pgs, Apply It WB pgs and Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice WS -Session 3 - Connect It WB pgs, Apply It WB pgs and Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice WS -Session 3 - Connect It WB pgs, Apply It WB pgs and Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice WS -Session 4 - Apply It Questions 4-6 -3 Act Task: How Far Apart Are The Exits 	 -iReady Individual Path -iReady Teacher Assigned Lessons -RCM Interactive Practice: Add Fractions -RCM Interactive Practice: Subtract Fractions -RCM Center Activities -RCM Enrichment Activities - Howard County Tasks (Preferred Resources Tab) +/- Like Denominators: Fractions & Mixed Numbers: Wrapping Time Bridging Adding Like and Unlike Denominators FindingCommon Denominators +/- Unlike Denominators: Fractions: Hershey Bars (Links to an external site.)+++ +/- Unlike Denominators: Fractions & Mixed Numbers: Fraction Sense Fraction Sense Fraction Choices Howard County Printable Center Activities (Independent Work Tab) Using Equivalent Fractions to Subtract The Sum Is The Difference Is Satisfraction Kakooma basic 4 	 -RCM Prerequisite Lessons -RCM Tools for Instruction -RCM WB pgs listed under Additional Whole Group Resources -Georgia Framework: Fraction Unit - Illustrative Math Tasks - Exit Tickets • Howard County (Assessment Tab)



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

-3 Act Task: <u>What Should T</u> <u>Sign Show?</u> <u>Virtual Math Manipulatives</u> <u>BrainingCamp</u> <u>Fraction Wall (strip</u> <u>Fraction Bars</u> <u>Fraction Circles</u>	<u>5</u>	 Kakooma basic 5 Kakooma moderate 6 Kakooma moderate 7 <u>Unable to provide Direct Lin</u> <u>K-5 Math Teaching Resources</u> Create Equivalent Fractions Create Equivalent Fractions Closest to 25 		
Vocabulary fo	or Students - Un	it 2 Digital Word Wall	м	entor Text List
Common denominator Multiple Fraction greater than a whole	Denominator Mixed number	Equivalent fractions Numerator Variable	Apple Fractions by Jerry Pallotta Fraction Action by Loreen Leedy Fraction Fun by David A. Adler Fractions = Trouble! by Claudia N The Hershey's Chocolate Fraction Picture Pie by Ed Emberley Piece = Part = Portion: Fractions Pizza Counting by Christina Dobs Working with Fractions by David	<u>es Book by Jerry Pallotta</u> <u>= Decimals = Percents by Scott Gifford</u> on



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

Topic:Lesson 14 - Add and Subtract in Word ProblemsReturn toTop				
Student Learning Standard(s):	5.NF.A.2 5.NBT.B.7	 Solve word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions referring to the same whole, including cases of unlike denominators, e.g., by using visual fraction models or equations to represent the problem. Use benchmark fractions and number sense of fractions to estimate mentally and assess the reasonableness of answers. For example, recognize an incorrect result 2/5 + 1/2 = 3/7, by observing that 3/7 < 1/2. *Visual fraction models include tape diagrams, number lines, and area models (See Glossary). Set models, including those defined as the whole, are excluded at this grade. Add, subtract, multiply, and divide decimals to hundredths, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used. 		
Math Practices:	 MP.1 Make sense of the problem and persevere in solving them. MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. MP.5 Use appropriate tools strategically. MP.6 Attend to precision. 			
Days : 4 12/9 - 12/12	Focus: (Major Content)		Benchmarked Standard: N Fluency Standard: N	
Critical Knowledge & Skills				
Objective:	We are learning to: • Add and subtract fractions and mixed numbers with unlike denominators to solve word problems.			



Amy Morley	
Chief School Administrator	

	 Add and subtract decimals to hundredths to solve word problems. Use benchmark fractions to estimate fraction sums and differences. Use rounded decimals to estimate decimal sums and differences. Use estimation to check whether a solution is reasonable. Visual fraction models include tape diagrams, number lines, and area models (See Glossary). Set models, including those defined as the whole, are excluded at this grade.
Essential Question(s):	How does my knowledge of basic operations help me solve problems? What makes a strategy both effective and efficient?

Core Resources		
Core Whole Group Resources	Core Formative Assessment	
Ready Classroom Math LessonsLesson 14Session 1 - Try It and Connect It WB pgsSession 2 - Try It, Model It, and Connect It WB pgsSession 3 - Try It, Picture It, and Model It WB pgsSession 4 - Apply It Ques 1-3Materials: fraction (strips, tiles, circles), number lines, base-ten blocks	 RCM Lesson Quizzes RCM Comprehension Checks CFAs 	



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

Additional Leveled Resources				
Activities and Additional Resources for Whole Group	Differentiated Independent Activities/Center Ideas	Teacher Table Differentiated Resources		
 -Anchor Chart Links -Number Sense Lessons/Resources -Interactive Tools RCM -Session 1 - Additional Practice WB pgs -Session 2 - Apply It WB pgs, Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice WS -Session 3 - Connect It WB pgs, Apply It WB pgs and Additional Practice WB pgs, Fluency & Skills Practice WS -Session 4 - Apply It Questions 4-5 -3 Act Task: How Far Apart Are The Exits -3 Act Task: What Should The Freeway Sign Show? Virtual Math Manipulatives BrainingCamp Fraction Wall (strips) 	 -iReady Individual Path -iReady Teacher Assigned Lessons -RCM Interactive Practice: N/A -RCM Center Activities -RCM Enrichment Activities - Howard County Tasks (Preferred Resources Tab) Word Problems: +/- Fractions & Mixed Numbers with Unlike Denominators: Waisting Away Preparing for the Party - Howard County Printable Center Activities (Independent Work Tab) Fraction Addition Problem Subtraction Fraction Action Thinking Blocks Fraction Action -K-5 Math Teaching Resources Word Problems: Adding Mixed Numbers Create and Solve: Adding Unlike Fractions	 -RCM Prerequisite Lessons -RCM Tools for Instruction -RCM WB pgs listed under Additional Whole Group Resources -Georgia Framework: Fraction Unit - <u>Illustrative Math Tasks</u> - Exit Tickets • <u>Howard County</u> (Assessment Tab) 		



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator

 <u>Fraction Bars</u> <u>Fraction Circles</u> 	•	 Create and Solve: Subtracting Unlike Fractions The Wishing Club (v. 1) The Wishing Club (v. 2) 		
Vocabulary for Students - Unit 2 Digital Word Wall		Me	entor Text List	
Benchmark fraction Common denominator Equivalent Fraction		Apple Fractions by Jerry Pallotta Fraction Action by Loreen Leedy Fraction Fun by David A. Adler Fractions = Trouble! by Claudia M The Hershey's Chocolate Fraction Picture Pie by Ed Emberley Piece = Part = Portion: Fractions = Pizza Counting by Christina Dobse Working with Fractions by David	<u>es Book by Jerry Pallotta</u> <u>= Decimals = Percents by Scott Gifford</u> <u>on</u>	

Topic: Unit Review and Unit Assessment



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator

Standards Covered: 5.NBT.B.7, 5.NF.A.1 and 5.NF.A.2	Review Date: 12/16
Days: 2	Unit Assessment Date: 12/17
Scoring Submission in LinkIt:	Data Review Date:

*Math In Action Lessons can be completed if time allows within the unit. They may also be used for differentiation for G&T students.

		Topic: Math In Action	<u>Return to Top</u>
Student Learning Standard(s):	5.NBT.A.3a 5.NBT.A.3b 5.NBT.A.4 5.NBT.B.7 5.NF.A.1 5.NF.A.2	Clusters 5.NBT.A Understand the place value system. 5.NBT.B Perform operations with multi-digit whole no 5.NF.A Use equivalent fractions as a strategy to add a	
Math Practices: (add 7 & 8 as needed)	 MP.1 Make sense of the problem and persevere in solving them. MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. 		MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.MP.4 Model with Mathematics.



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator				Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator
		iate tools strategically.I make use of structure.		26 Attend to precision. for and express regularity in repeated
Days : 1 12/13	Focus: (Major Content)			Benchmarked Standard: N Fluency Standard: N
	Critical Knowledge & Skills			
Objective:	We are learning to: Apply skills from the unit to solve real-world problems involving whole number, decimal and fraction operations, and comparing and rounding decimals.			
Essential Question(s):	How does my knowledge of basic operations help me solve problems? What makes a strategy both effective and efficient? When is estimation more appropriate than finding the 'right' answer? What are strategies to make a reasonable estimate?			

Core Resources			
Core Whole Group Resources	Core Formative Assessment		



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

	Additional Leveled Resources	
Activities and Additional Resources for Whole Group	Differentiated Independent Activities/Center Ideas	Teacher Table Differentiated Resources
-Anchor Chart Links -Number Sense Lessons/Resources -Interactive Tools	-iReady Individual Path -iReady Teacher Assigned Lessons -RCM Interactive Practice: N/A -RCM Center Activities	-RCM Prerequisite Lessons -RCM Tools for Instruction -Unit Resources for Review
Ready Classroom Math LessonsMath In ActionDog CollarsPetting ZooBarely UsedRing Toss	-RCM Enrichment Activities	
- 3 Act Tasks from Lessons in this Unit		



Amy Morley	
Chief School	Administrator

Computer Science (8.1) and Design Thinking (8.2)		
 8.1.5.CS.3: Identify potential solutions for simple hardware and software problems using common troubleshooting strategies. 8.1.5.NI.1: Develop models that successfully transmit and receive information using both wired and wireless methods 8.1.5.NI.2: Describe physical and digital security measures for protecting sensitive personal information. 8.1.5.IC.1: Identify computing technologies that have impacted how individuals live and work and describe the factors that influenced the changes. 8.1.5.IC.2: Identify possible ways to improve the accessibility and usability of computing technologies to address the diverse needs and wants of users. 8.1.5.DA.1: Collect, organize, and display data in order to highlight relationships or support a claim. 8.1.5.AP.4: Break down problems into smaller, manageable sub-problems to facilitate program development. 	 8.2.5.ITH.1: Explain how societal needs and wants influence the development and function of a product and a system. 8.2.5.ITH.2: Evaluate how well a new tool has met its intended purpose and identify any shortcomings it might have. 8.2.5.ITH.4: Describe a technology/tool that has made the way people live easier or has led to a new business or career. 8.2.5.NT.1: Troubleshoot a product that has stopped working and brainstorm ideas to correct the problem. 8.2.5.NT.2: Identify new technologies resulting from the demands, values, and interests of individuals, businesses, industries, and societies. 8.2.5.ETW.1: Describe how resources such as material, energy, information, time, tools, people, and capital are used in products or systems. 8.2.5.ETW.2: Describe ways that various technologies are used to reduce improper use of resources. 8.2.5.ETW.3: Explain why human-designed systems, products, and improved. 8.2.5.EC.1: Analyze how technology has contributed to or reduced inequities in local and global communities and determine its shortand long-term effects. 	



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator Kimberly Fleetwood Business Administrator

Preparation for College, Careers, and Beyond			
Career Ready Practices	Personal Financial I Career Awareness, Explorat		
 CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee. CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills. CRP3. Attend to personal health and financial well-being. CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason. CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions. 	Seek opportunities to integrate financial literacy and career readiness into math lessons and activities when appropriate. Reference Standard 9.1 (Personal Financial Literacy) and Standard 9.2 (Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation) by visiting http://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/2014/career/9.pdf		
CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.	Personal Financial Literacy (Standard 9.1)		
CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies.	Strand A	Income and Careers	
CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere	Strand B	Money Management	
in solving them.	Strand C	Credit and Debt Management	
CRP9. Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management.	Strand D	Planning, Saving, and Investing	
CRP10. Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.	Strand E	Becoming a Critical Consumer	
CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.	Strand F	Civic and Financial Responsibility	
	Strand G	Insuring and Protecting	
CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global	Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation (Standard 9.2)		
competence.	Strand A	Career Awareness (by end of Grade 4)	
	Strand B	Career Exploration (by end of Grade 8)	
	Strand C	Career Preparation (by end of Grade 12)	

Cross-Curricular Connections



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

	Interdisciplinary Connections	Technology Integration and Literacy	
•	Literature connections (math mentor texts identified in "Resources	Online links and possible resources for the integration of technology	
	and Activities")	into lessons are embedded within the "Possible Resources and	
•	Math journals	Activities" column for each Topic area.	
•	Math word wall		
•	Literacy Connections & Activities Ready Classroom Math		

Possible Modifications and Accommodations			
Special Education/504 Plans	At-Risk	Gifted	English Language Learners
*All teachers of students with special needs must review each student's IEP. Teachers must then select the appropriate modifications and/or accommodations necessary to enable the student to appropriately progress in the general curriculum.	The possible list of modifications/accommoda tions identified for Special Education students can be utilized for At-Risk students. Teachers should utilize ongoing methods to provide instruction, assess	 *Teachers should select the appropriate modifications and/or accommodations for Gifted and Talented according to the following suggestions. Differentiating instruction based on: Content: What is taught or the material used Process: How it is taught or support given or student grouping or environment 	 Continue practicing vocabulary Demonstrate that vocabulary can have multiple meanings Encourage bilingual supports among students Provide visual cues, graphic representations, gestures,
 Possible Modifications/Accommodations Number line on desk Extra time on timed calculation assessments Use of a calculator or chart of basic facts for computation Use of a graphic organizer to plan ways to solve math problems 	student needs, and utilize modifications specific to the needs of individual students. *Refer to the individual student Math Plan for specific interventions.	 Product: What students produce To differentiate content consider: Using different resources that have less explicit information (e.g., tiering assignments - consider what would make the content more complex to digest for gifted students) For Example: tiering problem solving scenarios making a gifted learner's scenario more complex 	 and pictures Rephrase math problems when appropriate Build knowledge from real-world examples Provide manipulatives and symbols Have students estimate each other's heights



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

 Use of concrete materials and objects (manipulatives) 	 For Example: gifted students could work on deriving the procedure for an abstract concept 	 Have students measure themselves and one another
 Opportunities for cooperative partner 	 Organizing ideas through graphic organizers 	 Have students relate an
work	 Using a learning contract (learning contracts are individualized 	• Have students relate an object they know with a unit
 Assign fewer problems at one time 	and allow students to participate in designing their own	of measure
(e.g., assign only odds or evens)	learning which is motivating for gifted students)	• Encourage peer discussions
Basic computation – use counters	• Using jigsaws	regarding how students are
 Differentiated center-based small 	• Using orbital studies (differ from independent investigations	thinking about math
group instruction	and is meant as an extension of the topics covered in class into	RCM Unit Connect Language
 Fractions – use fraction blocks 	specific fields of study e.g., manufacturing)	Development to Mathematics
 Provide a copy of mathematical 		
equations, class notes, and examples	To differentiate the process consider:	
for math notebooks	 How students are grouped 	
 Highlight or underline key words in 	 Tiering materials used (e.g., graphic organizers varying in 	
word problems	complexity, types of questions asked - DOK level)	
 If a manipulative is used during 	○ For Example:	
instruction, allow its use on a test	Below-Grade-Level Question: ••••• + ? =	
 Place value – use place value blocks 	••••••	
 Provide graph paper for arrays 	On-Grade-Level Question (Grade 1): 6 + ? = 10	
 Provide reteach pages if necessary 	Above-Grade-Level Question: Jon has 6 puppies. He	
 Provide several ways to solve a problem if possible 	wants to have 10 puppies. How many more puppies does he need to buy?	
Offer small and large graph paper		
options	To differentiate the product consider:	
 Provide visual aids and anchor charts 	 Using a choice board (the difficulty of the activity should be 	
 Tiered lessons and assignments 	noted for each choice and should be at least 3 levels)	
	 Using a menu of options (each item is assigned a point value 	
	and students select the route to take)	



Amy Morley Chief School Administrator

	• Using open ended tasks (have more than one correct answer	
	and/or more than one way to get to/explain an answer)	
	o For Example : (Grade 2) Use the digits 0 to 9, at most one	
	time each, to make a true statement.	
	(<u>Open Middle Link</u>)	
	o For Example: (Grade 3) Using the digits 1 to 9 exactly one	
	time each, place a digit in each box to make the sum as	
	close to 1000 as possible.	
	(<u>GeoGebra Link</u>)	
Individualized Learning Opportunities		
Possible independent study and online learning opportunities are embedded within the "Possible Resources and Activities" column for each Topic area. iReady		