## GRADE 1 – Unit 2 DRAWING and PAINTING: "Observational and Expressive"

#### **Mission Statement**

### **Unit Overview**

In unit 2, students will learn to:

- identify and explore basic drawing and painting techniques inspired by different cultures, art styles throughout history, and/or work of famous artists.
- create abstract and observational artwork using Elements of Art, with specific focus on line, shape, color and value
- follow proper painting procedures to explore basic color-mixing techniques.
- create the illusion of SPACE by overlapping elements of art.

Year Long Pacing Guide							
Unit Title	Duration	Related Standards	Learning Goals	Topics and Skills			
Unit 1: Critique : "The Art of Seeing"	Throughout the Year	1.5.2.Pr4a 1.5.2.Pr5a 1.5.2.Pr6a 1.5.2.Re7a 1.5.2.Re7b 1.5.2.Re8a 1.5.2.R3a 1.5.2.Cn11a 1.5.2.Cn11b	<ul> <li>Students will be introduced to the process of the art critique.</li> <li>They will examine a variety of mediums from multiple cultures and throughout history.</li> <li>Students will practice how to describe,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>use visual and/or verbal responses to critique a work of art</li> <li>discuss, question and practice constructive criticism in whole and small group formats.</li> <li>select, analyze and interpret their own artwork as well as their peers' artwork.</li> </ul>			

			analyze, and interpret works of art through visual and/or verbal responses.  Students will practice critiquing their peers in a kind/positive way.	
Unit 2: Drawing and Painting : "Observational and Expressive"	8 Weeks/4 Lessons	1.5.2.Cr1a 1.5.2.Cr1b 1.5.2.Cr2a 1.5.2.Cr2b 1.5.2.Cr2c 1.5.2.Cr3a 1.5.2.Pr5a 1.5.2.Pr6a 1.5.2.Re7a 1.5.2.Re7b 1.5.2.Cn10a	<ul> <li>Students will practice basic drawing and painting skills that enhance their abilities to create and manipulate materials in order to produce artwork inspired by different cultures or art history.</li> <li>Students will recognize/utilize the Elements of Art with specific focus on line, shape and color.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>practicing and understanding proper drawing and utensil-holding techniques and procedures</li> <li>practicing and understanding proper painting techniques and procedures</li> <li>line, shape and color categorizing</li> <li>create, present and share finished artwork for display in a hallway gallery or art show</li> </ul>
Unit 3: Printmaking : "Make Your Mark"	4 Weeks/ 2 Lessons	1.5.2.Cr1a 1.5.2.Cr1b 1.5.2.Cr2a 1.5.2.Cr2b 1.5.2.Cr2c 1.5.2.Cr3a 1.5.2.Pr5a 1.5.2.Pr6a 1.5.2.Re7a 1.5.2.Re7b	<ul> <li>Students will understand why Printmaking is known as "the art of making multiples."</li> <li>Students will practice a variety of printmaking techniques after exploring the Art of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>stamping, stenciling, texturizing, monoprinting etc inspired by or taken from nature and/or "man-made" art.</li> <li>emphasis on texture and pattern using everyday objects as printmaking tools</li> </ul>

		1.5.2.Cn10a	Printmaking throughout history/culture to create a finished printed work of art.	<ul> <li>create, present, and share a finished print for display in a hallway gallery or art show.</li> </ul>
Unit 4: Collage : "Drawing with Scissors"	8 Weeks / 4 Lessons	1.5.2.Cr1a 1.5.2.Cr1b 1.5.2.Cr2a 1.5.2.Cr2b 1.5.2.Cr2c 1.5.2.Cr3a 1.5.2.Pr5a 1.5.2.Pr6a 1.5.2.Re7a 1.5.2.Re7b 1.5.2.Re7b	<ul> <li>Students will practice basic collage techniques: proper way to hold scissors, cut paper, and glue with a variety of art tools and mediums.</li> <li>Students will organize and apply shapes onto spaces that will create a finished collage.</li> <li>Students will recognize/utilize the Elements &amp; Principles of Art with specific focus on line, shape, texture and pattern.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>"Drawing with Scissors" activity emphasizing the element of shape.</li> <li>line and shape categorizing</li> <li>Composition exercises</li> <li>using "actual" and "invented" textures to compose a work of art.</li> <li>create, present, and share a finished collage for display in a hallway gallery or art show.</li> </ul>
Unit 5: Sculpture : "3D Forms"	4 Weeks / 2 Lessons	1.5.2.Cr1a 1.5.2.Cr1b 1.5.2.Cr2a 1.5.2.Cr2b 1.5.2.Cr2c 1.5.2.Cr3a 1.5.2.Pr5a 1.5.2.Pr6a 1.5.2.Re7a 1.5.2.Re7b 1.5.2.Cn10a	<ul> <li>Students will identify a sculpture as a 3 dimensional form.         (AKA: an artwork that "you can see all the way around") when viewing artwork from history and culture</li> <li>Students will explore and construct sculptures with a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>using paper manipulation, material construction and/or building techniques to create 3d sculptural forms in a variety of art media</li> <li>create, present, and share a finished sculpture for display in a hallway gallery or art</li> </ul>

			variety of art media • Emphasis on the Element of Form	show.
Unit 6: Fiber Arts "Woven Connections"	3 Weeks /1-2 Lessons	1.5.2.Cr1a 1.5.2.Cr1b 1.5.2.Cr2a 1.5.2.Cr2b 1.5.2.Cr2c 1.5.2.Cr3a 1.5.2.Pr5a 1.5.2.Pr6a 1.5.2.Re7a 1.5.2.Re7b 1.5.2.Re7b	Students will practice basic weaving techniques using warp and weft loom construction	<ul> <li>paper weaving</li> <li>simple string tying</li> <li>create, present, and share a finished fiber artwork for display in a hallway gallery or art show.</li> </ul>
Unit 7: Clay : "Pottery and Functional Art"	4 Weeks / 2 Lessons	1.5.2.Cr1a 1.5.2.Cr1b 1.5.2.Cr2a 1.5.2.Cr2b 1.5.2.Cr2c 1.5.2.Cr3a 1.5.2.Pr5a 1.5.2.Pr6a 1.5.2.Re7a 1.5.2.Re7b 1.5.2.Cn10a	<ul> <li>Students will practice basic clay techniques to create functional sculptures from a variety of clay mediums.</li> <li>Students will explore a variety of clay artwork and pottery that is used in different cultures and throughout history</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>compare sculptural art as an aesthetic form vs. a functional form</li> <li>hand building techniques: slab, coil, pinch, and form</li> <li>create, present, and share a finished sculpture for display in a hallway gallery or art show.</li> </ul>

	Grade 1 – Unit 2 "DRAWING and PAINTING: Observational and Expressive"						
	Unit Vocabulary						
ĺ	line horizontal vertical diagonal composition						

color/color family	primary colors	secondary colors warm colors		cool colors
shape	organic shapes	geometric shapes semi-circle		space
landscape	dscape overlapping abstract		realistic	
Sketch	Sketch Tempera Paint		Watercolor Paint	Tempera Cakes

	Grade 1 – Unit 2 "DRAWING and PAINTING: Observational and Expressive"							
Topic & # Days	NJ Visual and Performing Arts Standards	Critical Knowledge & Skills	Possible Resources & Activities					
wk 1: Introduction to Drawing: exploring types of LINES and line directions.  wk 2: practice a variety of lines to create artwork  wk 3 & 4: Exploring how Closed lines make shapes and shapes have categories	• 1.5.2.Pr4a • 1.5.2.Pr5a • 1.5.2.Pr6a • 1.5.2.Re7a • 1.5.2.Re8a • 1.5.2.R3a • 1.5.2.Cn11a • 1.5.2.Cn11b	Obj. We are learning to:  distinguish between the 3 line directions. draw "closed" lines to create shapes. differentiate between geometric and organic shapes. explore basic drawing and painting techniques inspired by different cultures, art history styles, and/or work of famous artists. create both expressive abstract and observational realistic artworks. follow proper painting procedures to learn basic color-mixing skills.  Anchor Standards: Generating and conceptualizing ideas. Organizing and developing ideas. Refining and completing products. Developing and refining techniques and models or steps needed to create products. Conveying meaning through art. Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experiences to create products.  Artistic Process Creating	<ul> <li>Texts         <ul> <li>Tips on Teaching Kids Painting</li> <li>Mini-Masterpieces: Exploring Art History With Hands-On Projects For Kids - Laura Lohmann</li> </ul> </li> <li>Materials</li> </ul>					
wk 5: use lines and shapes to		<ul><li>Presenting</li><li>Responding</li><li>Connecting</li></ul>						

sketch
landscape
paintings.

### wk 6 & 7:

Review Landscape Painting procedures and continue painting projects

wk 8: Final Landscape Class Critique and Self-Evaluatio n

#### **Enduring Understandings:**

- Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals.
- Artists and designers experiment with forms, structures, materials, concepts, media, and art-making approaches. Artists and designers balance experimentation and safety, freedom and responsibility while developing and creating artworks. People create and interact with objects, places, and design that define, shape, enhance, and empower their lives.
- Artists and designers develop excellence through practice and constructive critique, reflecting on, revising, and refining work over time.
- Artists, curators and others consider a variety of factors and methods including evolving technologies when preparing and refining artwork for display and or when deciding if and how to preserve and protect it.
- Objects, artifacts and artworks collected, preserved or presented either by artists, museums, or other venues, communicate meaning and a record of social, cultural and political experiences resulting in the cultivating of appreciation and understanding
- Individual aesthetic and empathetic awareness developed through engagement with art can lead to understanding and appreciation of self, others, the natural world, and constructed environments. Visual arts influences understanding of and responses to the world.
- Through artmaking, people make meaning by investigating and developing awareness of perceptions, knowledge and experiences.

#### **Essential Questions:**

• How do artists work? How do artists and designers

determine whether a particular direction in their work is effective? How do artists and designers learn from trial and error? How do artists and designers care for and maintain materials, tools, and equipment? Why is it important for safety and health to understand and follow correct procedures in handling materials, tools, and equipment? What responsibilities come with the freedom to create? How do objects, places, and design shape lives and communities? How do artists and designers determine goals for designing or redesigning objects, places, or systems? How do artists and designers create works of art or design that effectively communicate? What conditions, attitudes, and behaviors support creativity and innovative thinking? What factors prevent or encourage people to take creative risks? How does collaboration expand the creative process? How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from established traditions? How do artists determine what resources and criteria are needed to formulate artistic investigations? What role does persistence play in revising, refining,

- What role does persistence play in revising, refining and developing work? How do artists grow and become accomplished in art forms? How does collaboratively reflecting on a work help us experience it more completely?
- What methods and processes are considered when preparing artwork for presentation or preservation? How does refining artwork affect its meaning to the viewer? What criteria are considered when selecting work for presentation, a portfolio, or a collection?
- How does engaging in creating art enrich people's lives? How does making art attune people to their surroundings? How do people

contribute to awareness and understanding of	
their lives and the lives of their communities	
through artmaking?	
How do life experiences influence the way you relate	
to art? How does learning about art impact how we	
perceive the world? What can we learn from our	
responses to art? What is visual art? Where and how	
do we encounter visual arts in our world? How do	
visual arts influence our views of the world?	
Practices:	
Explore	
<ul> <li>Investigate</li> </ul>	
Reflect, refine, continue	
Select	
Share	
Perceive	
<ul> <li>Synthesize</li> </ul>	
Suggested Formative Assessment(s):	
<ul> <li>"Drawing &amp; Painting" Lesson Exit Questions</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Anecdotal notes about "Drawing &amp; Painting" projects</li> </ul>	
and procedures during whole group, small group and	
individual practice.	
<ul><li>" Drawing &amp; Painting" Think, Pair, Share</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>"Drawing &amp; Painting" Critique and self evaluations</li> </ul>	

Preparation for College, Careers, and Beyond				
Career Ready Practices	Personal Financial Literacy (9.1) and			
	Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation (9.2)			
CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.	9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types of work, and how work can			
CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.	help a person achieve personal and professional goals.			
CRP3. Attend to personal health and financial well-being.	9.2.4.A.2 Identify various life roles and civic and work-related activities in the school,			
CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.	home, and community.			
CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.	9.2.4.A.3 Investigate both traditional and nontraditional careers and relate information			
CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.	to personal likes and dislikes.			
CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies.	9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the			
CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving	foundation for future academic and career success.			
them.				

CRP9. Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management.

CRP10. Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.

CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.

CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.

		Cross-Curricula	ar Connections			
Interdisciplinary Connections	Technology Integration and Literacy	Climate Change	Amistad Law	Holocaust Law	LGBTQ & Disabilities Law	Asian Pacific
Litterature connections: Little Polar Bear by Hans de Beer, Lines that Wiggle - Candace Whitman. Harold and the Purple Crayon - Crockett Johnson, When a Line BendsA Shape Begins - Rhonda Gowler Greene, Keith Haring: The Boy Who Just Kept Drawing - Kay Haring, Aaron Slater, Illustrator - Andrea Beaty, Swatch: The Girl Who Loved Color - Julia Denos, Mix It Up - Hervé Tulle, We Found Brown - Karna Peck  Science: color theory and light when using proper color mixing procedures.	<ul> <li>Drawing with Technology- No Photoshop required LINK</li> <li>Students will participate in various interactive Promethean board activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students can participate in discussions about climate change and art by collaborating to reuse, reduce and recycle materials and tools in the art room.</li> <li>Students can explore the animal kingdom and how habitats and ecosystems are important to protect.</li> <li>Artists who fit this category include but are not limited to: Zaria Forman, James Prosek, Jeff Frost, Caroline Juang, Olafur Eliasson, Mel Chin</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students will be encouraged to make connections between art and the history of Amistad Law by exploring artists and events such as: the Harlem Renaissance, the "Underground Railroad," story quilts, etc.</li> <li>Artists who fit this category include but are not limited to: Jacob Lawerence, Aaron Douglas, Hale Woodruff, Kahinde Wiley, Faith Ringgold, Amy Sherald, Alma Woodsey Thomas, Kara Walker, Lois Mailou Jones, etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students will be encouraged to make connections between art and the history of Holocaust Law by participating in conversations about bullying, emptahy, right vs. wrong, and fairness.</li> <li>Artists who fit this category include but are not limited to: Marc Chagall, Sonia Delaunay, Boris Kobe, Peter Aldor, Sandra Silberzweig, etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students will be encouraged to make connections between art and the history of Disabilities &amp; LGBTQ Law by exploring artists and participating in conversations about bullying, empathy, equality, uniqueness, inclusiveness, acceptance and mutual understanding.</li> <li>Artists who fit this category include but are not limited to: Andy Warhol, Keith Haring, Fransico Goya, Robert Maplethorpe, Paul Klee, Stephen Wiltshire, Henri Matisse, Vincent</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students will be encouraged to make connections between art and the hiStudents will be encouraged to make connections between art and the history of the Asian Cultures by exploring events such as: Chinese New Year, Diwali, Ramadan, Holi, etc.</li> <li>Artists/Ideas who fit this category include but are not limited to: Takashi Murakami, Yayoi Kusama, Hokusai, Hiroshige, Christine Ay Tjoe, Haegue Yang, Pacita Abad, Tiffany Chung, etc.</li> </ul>

<ul><li>Math: shape</li></ul>			van Gogh, Cheyne	
categorizing, using			Gallarde, Yayoi	
fractions to divide			Kusama, Frida	
shapes.			Kahlo, Sandra	
<ul><li>Social Studies:</li></ul>			Silberzweig, Paul	
placement of NJ on			Castle, etc.	
the globe and its				
relation to other				
countries/continents				

Possible Assessment and Instructional Modifications					
Special Education	At-Risk	Gifted	English Language Learners		
*All teachers of students with special needs must review each student's IEP. Teachers must then select the appropriate modifications and/or accommodations necessary to enable the student to appropriately progress in the general curriculum.  Possible Modifications/Accommodations  Extra time on assessments  Use of a graphic organizer  Use of concrete materials and objects (manipulatives)  Opportunities for cooperative partner work  Assign fewer problems at one time (e.g., assign only odds or evens)  Differentiated center-based small group instruction  If a manipulative is used during instruction, allow its use on a test  Provide reteach pages if necessary  Provide several ways to solve a problem if possible  Provide visual aids and anchor charts  Tiered lessons and assignments  Highlight key directions  Test in alternative site  Use of word processor  Allow for redos/retakes	The possible list of modifications/accommodations identified for Special Education students can be utilized for At-Risk students. Teachers should utilize ongoing methods to provide instruction, assess student needs, and utilize modifications specific to the needs of individual students. In addition the following may be considered:  Additional time for assignments Review of directions Review sessions Use of mnemonics Have student restate information Provision of notes or outlines Concrete examples Support auditory presentations with visuals Use of a study carrel Assistance in maintaining uncluttered space Peer or scribe note taking Space for movement or breaks	<ul> <li>Enrichment projects</li> <li>Higher-level cooperative learning activities</li> <li>Provide higher-order questioning and discussion opportunities</li> <li>Tiered centers</li> <li>Tiered assignments</li> <li>Alternate assignments/ enrichment assignments</li> <li>Provide texts at higher reading level</li> <li>Extension activities</li> <li>Pairing direct instruction w/coaching to promote self directed learning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue practicing vocabulary</li> <li>Choice of test format (multiple-choice, essay, true-false)</li> <li>Vary test formats</li> <li>Read directions to student</li> <li>Provide study guides prior to tests</li> <li>Clarify test directions, read test questions</li> <li>Read test passages aloud (for comprehension assessment)</li> </ul>		

	Extra visual and verbal cues			
	and prompts			
	Books on tape			
	Graphic organizers			
	Preferential seating			
	Reduction of distractions			
	Answers to be dictated			
	Follow a routine/schedule			
	Teach time management skills			
	Agenda book and checklists			
	Adjusted assignment timelines			
	Varied reinforcement			
	procedures			
	Work in progress check			
	Personalized examples			
	No penalty for spelling errors			
	or sloppy handwriting			

# **Individualized Learning Opportunities**

• Possible independent study and online learning opportunities are embedded within the "Possible Resources and Activities" column for each Topic area.

Possible Assessments					
Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments	Performance Assessments	Major Activities/Assignments		
<ul> <li>Anecdotal notes during whole group, small group and individual</li> <li>conferences</li> <li>Sharing strategies</li> <li>Turn and talk</li> <li>Stop and Jots</li> <li>Graphic organizers</li> <li>Running Records/skills check off</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Common Summative Assessments</li> <li>Open-Ended Responses</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Was the student able to identify and draw a variety of expressive and directional lines?</li> <li>Was the student able to create patterns using a variety of lines and shapes?</li> <li>Was the student able to use proper composition of space using overlapping?</li> <li>Was the student able to use and follow proper painting procedures?</li> <li>Can the student recognize</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Line dance moves/songs</li> <li>Line Wiki Stix/Pipe Cleaner practice and centers</li> <li>Line Rocket Ships</li> <li>Facial Expression Drawings</li> <li>Dia de los Muertos Calavera paintings</li> <li>Color Mixing Experiments</li> <li>Keith Haring Action Drawings</li> <li>Romero Britto Pop Art pattern landscapes</li> <li>Heather Galler Still Lifes</li> <li>Watercolor Color Mixing Birds</li> </ul>		

	different color families?	<ul> <li>Expressive line and pattern painting: patterns using lines and geometric/organic shapes to create patterns</li> <li>Self Portraits</li> <li>Primary color Mondrian abstracts</li> <li>Winter Landscape paintings inspired by Vincent van Gogh depicting proper composition of space using overlapping.</li> </ul>
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